

#### SREE CHITRA TIRUNAL INSTITUTE FOR MEDICAL SCIENCES & TECHNOLOGY

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ROLL NUMBER:....

# WRITTEN TEST FOR MFCP TECHNICAL ASSISTANT - A TO B (CSR)

DATE: 03.05.2016

**DURATION: 60 MINUTES** 

TIME: 09:30 Hrs.

TOTAL MARKS: 50

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES**

- 1. Write your Roll Number on the top of the Question Booklet and in the answer sheet.
- Write legibly the alphabet of the most appropriate answer in the separate answer sheet provided.
- 3. There will not be any Negative Marking.
- 4. Over-writing is not permitted.
- 5. Candidate should sign in the question paper and answer sheet.
- 6. No clarifications will be given.
- 7. Candidate should hand over the answer sheet and question paper to the invigilator before leaving the examination/hall.

Signature of the Candidate

- 1. All of the following statements concerning autoclaving are true, except:
  - A. Under 15 p.s.i of pressure, water boils at 121°C
  - B. In order for an item to be sterilized in an autoclave, steam must contact its entire surface.
  - C. Any material that needs to be sterilized should be autoclaved.
  - D. Large volumes or solid substances require longer autoclaving times.
- 2. Which of the following terms includes the destruction of bacterial endospores?
  - A. Antisepsis
  - B. Sterilization
  - C. Sanitation
  - D. Disinfection
- 3. All of the following are example of ionizing radiation, Except
  - A. X rays
  - B. Gamma rays
  - C. Ultra violet light
  - D. Electron beams
- 4. The physical or chemical process that renders an inanimate object that may be contaminated with harmful microbial life, safe for further handling is known as-.
  - A. Decontamination
  - B. Cleaning
  - C. Either A or B
  - D. None of the above
- 5. The equipment that works by converting high-frequency sound waves into mechanical vibrations and free soil from the surface of instruments, after manual cleaning and is used before sterilization.
  - A. Washer -disinfector
  - B. Dish washer
  - C. Ultrasonic cleaner
  - D. Sterilizer
- 6. The materials and techniques used for packaging must allow to contact the device during the sterilization process.
  - A. Sterilizer
  - B. Technician
  - C. Sterilant
  - D. Package
- 7. What is the primary step the CSSD technician should follow when there is doubt about the method of sterilization or operation of sterilizer?
  - A. Follow the sterilizer manufacturer's directions
  - B. Refer the department manual
  - C. Consider the precedence
  - D. Do as required by the user department

- 8. What is the possible method of quality check if you ensure of sterility for an item that is to be sterilized and used immediately?
  - A. Biological Indicator
  - B. Mechanical parameters and chemical indicator
  - C. Chemical indicator
  - D. None of the above
- 9. How does the sterilization take place in a pre vacuum steam sterilizer?
  - A. The incoming steam displaces residual air through an open vent as part of the sterilizer and sterilization takes place when the set parameters are met.
  - B. A minimum temperature- time relationship must be maintained throughout the procedure.
  - C. By exposing each item to direct steam contact, maintaining temperature and pressure for a specified time.
  - D. By means of series of pressure and vacuum excursions or by means of series of steam flushes and pressure pulses above atmospheric pressure
- 10. The boiler is often clogged with mud and dirt. Practically how can it be avoided or reduced?
  - A. Cleaning the tank daily
  - B. Use filtered/distilled/RO water
  - C. Purchasing a better sterilizer
  - D. Operating by an experienced technician
- 11. Which is the most frequent work hazard while using the autoclave?
  - A. Electric shock
  - B. Accidental slipping on the floor
  - C. Low back ache.
  - D. Burns
- 12. What is the essential first step to any effective terminal reprocessing procedure for reusable medical disposables or instruments/
  - A. Reduction of bio burden
  - B. Selection of sterilant
  - C. Proper placement in the sterilizer
  - D. Correct labeling
- 13. Why do we incubate an unsterile BI along with a sterile BI
  - A. To have a positive sample
  - B. To confirm that the ampoule contain viable microorganism
  - C. To check whether the incubator is working
  - D. As a trial sample from the fresh supply of BI
- 14. HIV is sensitive to all of the below, EXCEPT
  - A. Hydrogen peroxide
  - B. 70% alcohol
  - C. Heat above 60 degree C
  - D. Gamma rays

- 15. Ratio of the actual water vapor pressure in a system to the saturated water vapor pressure in the system at the same temperature-
  - A. Wet heat sterilization
  - B. Low temperature sterilization
  - C. Relative humidity
  - D. Controlled chamber pressure
- 16. What is essential condition to make it possible for plasma sterilization?
  - A. Optimal vacuum in the chamber
  - B. Proper arrangement of item in the chamber
  - C. Exposure to strong electric or magnetic field in a closed chamber
  - D. None of the above
- 17. The simple and most effective method of infection control in a hospital is
  - A. Hand Hygiene
  - B. Waste disposal
  - C. Sterilization
  - D. PPE
- 18. The parameters that are to be fulfilled for proper EO sterilization include
  - A. Concentration of EO gas
  - B. Temperature
  - C. Time
  - D. All of the above
- 19. How can you prevent the risk of transmission of Hepatitis B infection?
  - A. Use of PPE
  - B. Vaccination
  - C. Safe injection practices
  - D. All of the above
- 20. Bio medical waste should not be kept in a health care facility for more than----- hours.
  - A. 12 hrs
  - B. 24 hrs
  - C. 48 hrs.
  - D. 72 hrs
- 21. Set of practices used to prevent the transmission of micro-organisms from both recognized and unrecognized sources.
  - A. Aseptic precautions
  - B. universal precautions
  - C. standard precautions
  - D. transmission based practices
- 22. In which of the case flash sterilization is contraindicated?
  - A. Emergency case
  - B. Elective surgical procedures
  - C. In sterilizing implantable items
  - D. Minor surgical procedures.

- 23. Which of the following bag is used to collect infectious non plastic waste?
  - A. Red
  - B. Yellow
  - C. Black
  - D. Green
- 24. Appropriate use of personal protective equipments in CSSD include—
  - A. Gloves, goggles, shoe cover
  - B. Gloves, goggles, gown
  - C. Gloves, gown, shoe cover
  - D. gown, goggles, shoe cover
- 25. Which of following should be given to a person as a Post Exposure Prophylaxis?
  - A. Both Hep. B vaccination and Hep B immunoglobulin
  - B. Hep. B vaccination
  - C. Hep B immunoglobulin
  - D. Only Tetanus toxoid
- 26. Which of the following item is not suitable for EO sterilization?
  - A. Polypropylene
  - B. Metals
  - C. Polyvinyl chloride
  - D. Cotton.
- 27. Chemical sterilant used for plasma sterilization
  - A. Silver nitrate
  - B. Ethylene oxide
  - C. Formaldehyde
  - D. Hydrogen peroxide
- 28. Universal precautions are specifically meant for avoiding transmission of
  - A. Blood born pathogen
  - B. Water born pathogen
  - C. Food born pathogen
  - D. All the above
- 29. Equipment soiled with organic material should be first washed in
  - A. Hot water
  - B. Cold water
  - C. Chemical disinfectant
  - D. Mixed water
- 30. Inventory means
  - A. Register
  - B. Files
  - C. An adequate number of stores
  - D. Purchasing

- 31. First- in First out principle is to be followed in
  - A. Purchase
  - B. Stores
  - C. Requirement
  - D. Transportation
- 32. Major objectives of inventory control include the following except
  - A. To ensure adequate supply
  - B. To prevent economic loss
  - C. To promote pilferage
  - D. To facilitate utility
- 33. What it means by HML analysis in the material management?
  - A. High, medium and low cost
  - B. Hierarchy, moderate and lowering estimate
  - C. Hierarchy, molding and lowering estimate
  - D. High, moderate ad limiting estimates
- 34. Material management is a scientific technique concerned with
  - A. Planning, organizing and control of material
  - B. Planning and organizing budget for material
  - C. Planning and organizing policies
  - D. Planning and supplying material
- 35. Process of material management
  - A. Budgeting, demand, forecasting and procurement
  - B. demanding and bargaining
  - C. Delegating, controlling and planning
  - D. Demanding and preparing bills
- 36. It is essential to clean items before reprocessing because
  - A. it make them easier to sterilize
  - B. it removes all organic material, particularly from crevices as channel
  - C. it makes them smell better
  - D. it ensures that the PH of the biocide is not affected by organic material
- 37. Which of the following term is defined as the destruction of vegetative pathogens but not bacterial endospores
  - A. disinfection
  - B. antisepsis
  - C. sterilization
  - D. degeneration
- 38. Any damage of equipment must be
  - A. reported to your supervisor
  - B. throw away the equipment immediately
  - C. labeled as damaged before use
  - D. locked up, so no one can use it

- 39. Which is the final quality check used to verify that all conditions for sterilization were met?
  - A. Checking the Chemical indicator kept with the load.
  - B. Sending a swab for culture
  - C. using a biological indicator.
  - D. Referring the label
- 40. What is the term used for the period of time that a maintenance system fails to provide or perform its primary function.
  - A. Up time
  - B. Down time
  - C. Optimal time
  - D. Running time
- 41. The energy levels are to be measured and discrepancy from the indicated levels must be adjusted until the device functions within the specifications-
  - A. testing
  - B. Maintenance
  - C. Consulting the representative
  - D. Calibration
- 42. How much degree centigrade is known as "absolute zero"
  - A. 272 degrees centigrade
  - B. 273 degrees centigrade
  - C. "0" degrees centigrade
  - D. 37 degrees centigrade
- 43. Infra red radiation is emitted by all objects warmer than
  - A. 37 degrees centigrade
  - B. 270 degrees centigrade
  - C. Minus 273 degrees centigrade
  - D. 38 degrees centigrade
- 44. Ethylene Oxide is a highly toxic agent, which destroys microorganisms by a process called \_\_\_\_\_\_
  - A. cavitation
  - B. oxidation
  - C. osmosis
  - D. alkylation
- 45. Sterilization involves the use of a physical or chemical procedure to:
  - A. remove visible soil from surgical instruments
  - B. destroy non-pathogenic organisms
  - C. destroy all forms of microbial life including highly resistant bacterial spores
  - D. destroy all forms of microbial life except highly resistant bacterial spores

46.	If the	is too high, the established sterilization parameters may not
be adequate rendering the sterilization process ineffective:		
	A.	temperature
	B.	bioburden
	C.	pH
	D.	vacuum
47. The most widely used, effective, economical and reliable method of sterilization used in the health care setting is:		
		ation used in the health care setting is:
	A.	gas plasma
	В.	ethylene oxide
	C.	peracetic acid
	D.	
		of days of Earned leave added to the credit of an employee for every
	completed month of service is	
		2 days
		2 ½ days
		3 days
	D.3	3 ½ days
49.	Leave on duty permissible to a Non academic employee for attending	
	profess	ional conferences is limited to days / Year
	A. 2	20
	В. 5	
	C. 3	15
	D. 3	
50.	The time scale for performance appraisal for a probationer in SCTIMST	
	-	•
		annual
		quarterly
		half yearly
	n :	as and when required